# **Statistics: Examples of Likert-Type Scales**

Examples of Likert-type scales by Sorrel Brown [1], Wade M. Vagias [2], and W. Paul Vogt are shown starting on the next page.

## **Endnotes**

[1] Brown, S. (2010). *Likert scale examples for surveys*. URL: http://www.extension.iastate.edu/ag/staff/info/likertscaleexamples.pdf

[2] Vagias, W.M. (2006). *Likert-type scale response anchors*. URL: <a href="http://www.clemson.edu/centers-institutes/tourism/documents/sample-scales.pdf">http://www.clemson.edu/centers-institutes/tourism/documents/sample-scales.pdf</a>

[3] Vogt, W.P. (1999). *Dictionary of statistics and methodology*. Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage. URL: <a href="http://rpgroup.org/sites/default/files/Surveys%20Interactive%20Activity%20-%20Examples%20of%20Likert%20scales.pdf">http://rpgroup.org/sites/default/files/Surveys%20Interactive%20Activity%20-%20Examples%20of%20Likert%20scales.pdf</a>

# **Likert Scale Examples for Surveys**

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## **AGREEMENT**

<ul> <li>Strongly Agree</li> <li>Agree</li> <li>Undecided</li> <li>Disagree</li> <li>Strongly Disagree</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Agree Strongly</li> <li>Agree Moderately</li> <li>Agree Slightly</li> <li>Disagree Slightly</li> <li>Disagree Moderately</li> <li>Disagree Strongly</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Agree</li> <li>Disagree or</li> <li>Agree</li> <li>Undecided</li> <li>Disagree</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Agree Very Strongly</li> <li>Agree Strongly</li> <li>Agree</li> <li>Disagree</li> <li>Disagree Strongly</li> <li>Disagree Very Strongly</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Completely Agree</li> <li>Mostly Agree</li> <li>Slightly Agree</li> <li>Slightly Disagree</li> <li>Mostly Disagree</li> <li>Completely Disagree</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Disagree Strongly</li> <li>Disagree</li> <li>Slightly Disagree</li> <li>Slightly Agree</li> <li>Agree</li> <li>Agree Strongly</li> </ul>

## **VALUE**

- High
- Moderate
- Low
- None

## **RELEVANCE**

- Excellent
- Somewhat
- Poor

## **FREQUENCY**

<ul> <li>Very Frequently</li> <li>Frequently</li> <li>Occasionally</li> <li>Rarely</li> <li>Very Rarely</li> <li>Never</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Always</li><li>Very Frequently</li><li>Occasionally</li><li>Rarely</li><li>Very Rarely</li><li>Never</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Always</li> <li>Usually</li> <li>About Half the Time</li> <li>Seldom</li> <li>Never</li> <li>Always</li> <li>Very Often</li> <li>Sometimes</li> <li>Rarely</li> <li>Never</li> </ul>
A Great Deal     Much	<ul><li>Often</li><li>Sometimes</li></ul>	<ul><li>Almost Always</li><li>To a Considerable Degree</li></ul>

Somewhat
Little
Never
Occasionally
Seldom
Seldom

## **IMPORTANCE**

- Very Important
- Important
- Moderately Important
- Slightly Important
- Not Important

- Very Important
- Moderately Important
- Not Important

0 = Not Important At All

1 = Of Little Importance

2 = Of Average

Importance

3 = Very Important

4 = Absolutely Essential

## **QUALITY**

- Very Good
- Good
- Acceptable
- Poor
- Very Poor
- Very Poor
- Below Average
- Average
- Above Average
- Excellent

- Good
- Fair
- Poor

## **LIKELIHOOD**

To a Great Extent Like Me Somewhat True Not Like Me Very Little False Not at All • Almost Always True Definitely **Usually True**  Very Probably Often True Probably Not likely Occasionally True Possibly Somewhat likely Rarely True **Probably Not** Very likely **Usually Not True Definitely Not** Almost Never True

## **Dichotomous Scales:**

- Fair
- Agree
- True
- Yes

- Unfair
- Disagree
- False
- No

## **Three-Point Scales:**

More than I would like

About right

Less than I would like

Too heavy About Right Too light Too Harsh About right Too Lenient Too Strict About right Too Lenient

Too much About right Too little Extremely Moderately Not at all

## **Four-Point Scales:**

Most of the time Some of the time Seldom

Never

Strongly Agree Agree Disagree Strongly Disagree Definitely won't Probably won't Probably will Definitely will

## **Five-Point Scales:**

Much better Somewhat better Stayed the same Somewhat worse Much worse

Excellent Above Average Average

Below Average Very Poor

Almost always Often Sometimes Seldom Never

Very important Important Fairly important Slightly important Not important Strongly Agree Agree Undecided Disagree Strongly Disagree

Very good Good Fair Poor Very poor

Extremely Very Moderately Slightly Not at all Very High
Above Average
Average
Below Average
Very Low

Much higher
Higher
About the same
Lower

Much lower

Very satisfied Satisfied Neither Dissatisfied Very dissatisfied

## **Seven-Point Scales:**

very dissatisfied moderately dissatisfied slightly dissatisfied neutral slightly satisfied moderately satisfied very satisfied far below moderately below slightly below met expectations slightly above moderately above far above very poor poor fair good very good excellent exceptional

## **Likert-Type Scale Response Anchors**

#### Citation:

Vagias, Wade M. (2006). Likert-type scale response anchors. Clemson International Institute for Tourism & Research Development, Department of Parks, Recreation and Tourism Management. Clemson University.

## Level of Acceptability

- 1 Totally unacceptable
- 2 Unacceptable
- 3 Slightly unacceptable
- 4 Neutral
- 5 Slightly acceptable
- 6 Acceptable
- 7 Perfectly Acceptable

## **Level of Appropriateness**

- 1 Absolutely inappropriate
- 2 Inappropriate
- 3 Slightly inappropriate
- 4 Neutral
- 5 Slightly appropriate
- 6 Appropriate
- 7 Absolutely appropriate

## Level of Importance

- 1 Not at all important
- 2 Low importance
- 3 Slightly important
- 4 Neutral
- 5 Moderately important
- 6 Very important
- 7 Extremely important

## **Level of Agreement**

- 1 Strongly disagree
- 2 Disagree
- 3 Somewhat disagree
- 4 Neither agree or disagree
- 5 Somewhat agree
- 6 Agree
- 7 Strongly agree

## Knowledge of Action

- 1 Never true
- 2 Rarely true
- 3 Sometimes but infrequently true
- 4 Neutral
- 5 Sometimes true
- 6 Usually true
- 7 Always true

#### Reflect Me?

- 1 Very untrue of me
- 2 Untrue of me
- 3 Somewhat untrue of me
- 4 Neutral
- 5 Somewhat true of me
- 6 True of me
- 7 Very true of me

#### My beliefs

- 1 Very untrue of what I believe
- 2 Untrue of what I believe
- 3 Somewhat untrue of what I believe
- 4 Neutral
- 5 Somewhat true of what I
- 6 True of what I believe
- 7 Very true of what I believe

#### **Priority:**

- 1 Not a priority
- 2 Low priority
- 3 Somewhat priority
- 4 Neutral
- 5 Moderate Priority
- 6 High priority
- 7 Essential priority

#### Level of Concern

- 1 not at all concerned
- 2 Slightly concerned
- 3 Somewhat concerned
- 4 Moderately concerned
- 5 Extremely concerned

## **Priority Level**

- 1 Not a priority
- 2 Low priority
- 3 Medium priority
- 4 High priority
- 5 Essential

#### **Level of Problem**

- 1 Not at all a problem
- 2 Minor problem
- 3 Moderate problem
- 4 Serious problem

#### Affect on X

- 1 No affect
- 2 Minor affect
- 3 Neutral
- 4 Moderate affect
- 5 Major affect

## **Level of Consideration**

- 1 Would not consider
- 2 Might or might not consider
- 3 Definitely consider

#### Level of Support/Opposition

- 1 Strongly oppose
- 2 Somewhat oppose
- 3 neutral
- 4 Somewhat favor
- 5 Strongly favor

## **Level of Probability**

- 1 Not probable
  - 2 Somewhat improbable
  - 3 Neutral
- 4 Somewhat probable
- 5 Very probable

#### **Level of Agreement**

- 1 Strongly disagree2 Disagree
- 3 Neither agree or disagree
- 4 Agree
- 5 Strongly agree

## **Level of Desirability**

- 1 Very undesirable
- 2 Undesirable
- 3 neutral
- 4 Desirable
- 5 Very desirable

## **Level of Participation**

- 1 No, and not considered
- 2 No, but considered
- 3 Yes

## Frequency - 5 point

- 1 Never
- 2 Rarely
- 3 Sometimes
- 4 Often 5 - Always

## Frequency

- 1 Never
- 2 Rarely
- 3 Occasionally
- 4 A moderate amount
- 5 A great deal

## Frequency of Use

- 1 Never
- 2 Almost never
- 3 Occasionally/Sometimes
- 4 Almost every time
- 5 Every time

## Frequency – 7 point

- 1 Never
- 2 Rarely, in less than 10% of the chances when I could have
- 3 Occasionally, in about 30% of the chances when I could have
- 4 Sometimes, in about 50% of the chances when I could have
- 5 Frequently, in about 70% of the chances when I could have
- 6 Usually, in about 90% of the chances I could have.
- 7 Every time

#### **Amount of Use**

- 1 Never use
- 2 Almost never
- 3 Occasionally/Sometimes
- 4 Almost every time
- 5 Frequently use

## **Level of Familiarity**

- 1 not at all familiar
- 2 Slightly familiar
- 3 Somewhat familiar
- 4 Moderately familiar
- 5 Extremely familiar

## **Level of Awareness**

- 1 not at all aware
- 2 Slightly aware
- 3 Somewhat aware
- 4 Moderately aware
- 5 Extremely aware

#### **Level of Difficulty**

- 1 Very difficult
- 2 Difficult
- 3 Neutral
- 4 Easy
- 5 Very easy

## Likelihood

- 1 Extremely unlikely
- 2 unlikely
- 3 Neutral
- 4 likely
- 5 Extremely likely

## **Level of Detraction**

- 1 detracted very little
- 2-
- 3 Neutral
  - 4 –
- 5 Detracted very much

#### Good / Bad

- 1 Very negative
- 2 –
- 3 Neutral
- 4 –
- 5 Very positive

#### **Barriers**

- 1 Not a barrier
- 2 Somewhat of a barrier
- 3 Moderate barrier
- 4 Extreme barrier

## Level of Satisfaction - 5 point

- 1 Very dissatisfied
- 2 dissatisfied
- 3 unsure
- 4 satisfied
- 5 Very satisfied

## Level of Satisfaction – 5 point

- 1 Not at all satisfied
- 2 slightly satisfied
- 3 moderately satisfied
- 4 Very satisfied
- 5 Extremely satisfied

## Level of Satisfaction - 7 point

- 1 Completely dissatisfied
- 2 Mostly dissatisfied
- 3 Somewhat dissatisfied
- 4 neither satisfied or dissatisfied
- 5 Somewhat satisfied
- 6 Mostly satisfied
- 7 Completely satisfied

#### Level of Quality - 5 point

- 1 Poor
- 2 Fair
- 3 Good
- 3 G000
- 4 Very good
- 5 Excellent

## **Comparison of Two Products**

- 1 much worse
- 2 somewhat worse
- 3 about the same
- 4 somewhat better
- 5 much better

#### Level of Responsibility

- 1 Not at all responsible
- 2 somewhat responsible
- 3 mostly responsible
- 4 completely responsible

## Level of Influence

- 1 not at all influential
- 2 slightly influential
- 3 somewhat influential
- 4 very influential
- 5 extremely influential

# **Examples of Likert Scaled Responses Used in Data-Gathering**

A variety of methods are available to assist evaluators in gathering data. One of those methods involves the use of a scale. One of the most common scale types is a Likert scale. A Likert scale is commonly used to measure attitudes, knowledge, perceptions, values, and behavioral changes. A Likert-type scale involves a series of statements that respondents may choose from in order to rate their responses to evaluative questions (Vogt, 1999).

Too little	OK as is		Too m	nuch		
Ineffective	Uncertain		Effectiv	Effective		
Not useful	Some impa	ct	Useful	Useful		
Will not do it	Undecided		Will do	Will do it		
Definitely not	Undecided		Definit	Definitely will		
Not essential	Makes no d	ifference	Impera	Imperative		
No	Maybe	Maybe		Yes		
Not at all	Very little	Very little		Some		
Very hard	Hard	Hard		Neither hard nor easy		
Yes	Somewhat	Somewhat		No		
None	Slight	Considerable		Great		
Poor	Fair	Good		Very good		
Not important	Somewhat importar	t Important		Very important		
None	A little	Quite a bit		Completely		
Not aware	Somewhat aware	Usually aware	)	Very much aware		
Not knowledgeable about	Somewhat knowledgeable abo	Knowledgeab ut	le about	Very knowledgeable about		

Strongly disagree	Disagree	No opinion or uncertain	Agree	Strongly agree	
Very poor	Poor	Average	Good	Excellent	
No value	Limited value	Average value	Much value	Extreme value	
Very poorly	Poorly	Adequately	Well	Very well	
Not valuable	Limited value	Average value	Valuable	Very valuable	
Very much below average	Below average	Average	Above average	Very much above average	
Inferior	Not good	Acceptable	Good	Superior	
Very inferior	Inferior	Average	Superior	Very superior	
Would not try	Poorly	Acceptably	Well	Very well	
Very unhappy	Unhappy	Can take it or leave it	Satisfied	Highly satisfied	
Very poor	Poor	Fair	Good	Very good	
Not competent	Somewhat competent	Uncertain	Competent	Highly competent	
False	More false than true	In between	More true than false	True	
Hardly ever	Occasionally	Sometimes	Frequently	Almost always	
Much less than most	Less than most	Above average	More than most	Much more than most	
Poor	Fair	No opinion	Good	Excellent	
Very bad	Bad	Average	Good	Very good	
Very ineffective	Ineffective	Average	Effective	Very effective	
Very slow	Slow	Average	Fast	Very fast	
Poor	Unremarkable	Meets expectations	Better than expected	Outstanding	
Excellent	Very good	Satisfactory	Very poor	Unacceptable	

Decrease great	atly	y Decrease slightly		Stay the same		Increase slightly		Increase greatly			
Very low		Low			Moderate		High	High		Very high	
Little importar	nce								Gı	reat importance	
1		2		3		4		5	5		
									,		
Extremely	Ve	ery dull		Fairly	dull	So-so		Fairly		Very	
dull								interesting		interesting	
Not at all	ot at all Very little F		Fairly	irly well Quite we		ell Very well			Perfectly		
Exceptionally	U	nfavoral	ole	Some	ewhat	Somewh	nat	Favorable		Exceptionally	
unfavorable				unfav	orable	favorable		Э		favorable	
Excellent	Very	good	Goo	d	Satisfa	actory Po	or	Very poo	or	Unacceptable	

Vogt, W. Paul (1999). *Dictionary of statistics and methodology*. Sage: Thousand Oaks, California.